

Outline

- 1. What is the role of Japanese medical technologists?
- 2. About Long-term video EEG monitoring (VEEG) \sim From the point of view of a clinical laboratory technologists.
- 3. Tips for reducing EEG artifacts.

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Our job is to professionally test the condition of the patient.

- Technical skills are directly linked to the quality of tests.
- In physiological tests, technical skills are directly linked to the quality of the test.
- EEG inspection accuracy also depends on the inspector's skills and judgment.

We are medical technologists in charge of physiological tests. Medical technologist national qualification required

Hiroshima University Hospital Laboratory is accredited to ISO15189.



Professional qualification In Japan

Clinical neurophysiology technologist Electrocardiographer Sonographer



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The purpose of VEEG monitoring is to capture seizures.

It allows doctors to obtain:

- Definitive diagnosis of epilepsy
- Diagnosis of epilepsy type
- Assess seizure frequency
- Preoperative evaluation of surgical treatment
- Diagnosis and treatment of nonconvulsive status epilepticus in emergency care





Benefits of medical technologist

- 1. Attaching to the correct EEG electrode position.
- 2. Understand the characteristics of equipment and guarantee the accuracy.
- 3. It is possible to deal with the case where the electrode comes off.
- 4. Goods management.
- 5. You can read EEG data, In the future...

VEEG criteria					
Laboratory	EEG	Video camera	Electrode	Impedance	montage
quiet	Digital EEG	High quality color	10-20 electrode method	10kΩ or less	Reference montage
Secure power	16 elements or more	Infrared	T1 T2 electrode	Little variation in resistance	Bipolar montage
ventilation	Auxiliary recording element		Silver		
air conditioning	Sampling frequency 500Hz (200Hz)		Silver-silver chloride		
Large enough	System reference	voice/〇	Gold plate		
No noise					
ground					

Micro shock and Macro shock				
As long as equipment that uses commercial power is used, there is always a risk of electric shock.				
Types of electric shock	Current (50, 60Hz)	Effects on the human body		
	100mA ↑	Ventricular fibrillation induction		
Macro shock Electric current flows through	10~20mA	Departure limit current		
the body surface.	1mA	Minimum sensing current		
Micro shock Electric current flows directly to the heart.	0.1mA	Ventricular fibrillation induction		
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Medical device safety measures				
Classification of medical devices by protection against electric shock				
Class I	Equipment with protective grounding added to prevent leakage current even if leakage occurs	Testing equipment that uses commercial power such as ECGand EMG		
Class II	Equipment that can be used safely without protective grounding with double insulated power supply	Home respirators, etc.		
Internal power supply ME device	Equipment driven by built- in battery	Holter monitor		
Japan Medical Device Nomenclature				









Safety measures for children Distract with toys, etc. Relieve anxiety Pay attention to the



It is also effective to attach electrodes during the nap time.

- compressor wind and sound
- When sedating, watch for respiratory depression and monitor with saturation











How to identify artifacts and countermeasures				
	Characteristic	Measures		
EMG	Irregular waves with sharp rise	Except in morbid cases. Change pillow, change position, open mouth		
Eyelid	Vertical waveforms in front of the forehead in synchronization with the opening and closing eyes. Slow movement of several Hz is also observed	Close your eyes and hold the eyelids with gauze		
ECG	Mixed as a spike-like regular wave. Single pole derivation method	Turn your head clockwise looking from above		
Denture	Sharp waves mixed in with metal contact	Open mouth		
sweating	Irregular baseline wobble	Moderate room temperature. Wipe off sweat and replace electrode		
electrode Baseline fluctuation, steeply moving baseline		The electrode is floating. Uneven paste on electrode		

How to identify artifacts and countermeasures					
SSR	Irregular baseline wobble	Reduce air conditioning.			
Body movement	Irregular waves with sharp rises and baseline wobble	Encourage relaxation			
ENG	Vertical movement on forehead, horizontal movement on temporal	Distinguish from falling asleep. Close your eyes and hold the eyelids with gauze			
Breathing	Slow baseline wobble can be seen with breathing	Do not put the lead wire on the chest			
Alternating current	A sharp rising wave persists at the same amplitude	Switch to battery operation, separate bed from side, ground metal bed			
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Device for dipping collodion and drying with compressor

Take home message

- In epilepsy treatment, many medical professionals work together to provide team medical care.
- 2. In VEEG performed for the purpose of surgical treatment, identification of the epilepsy site is important.
- An accurate EEG electrode position is required.
- 3. EEG is a fight against artifact removal. It is possible to reduce contamination by devising it.
- 4. The role of medical technologists in VEEG is significant, and the training of professional technicians is essential.

